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19 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
20 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  
21 SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION

22 ORACLE USA, INC., *et al.*,  
23 Plaintiffs,  
24 v.  
25 SAP AG, *et al.*,  
26 Defendants.

Case No. 07-CV-1658 PJH (EDL)

**PLAINTIFFS AND DEFENDANTS'  
JOINT ADMINISTRATIVE MOTION  
TO MODIFY MAY 5, 2008 CASE  
MANAGEMENT ORDER**

1 **I. INTRODUCTION**

2 Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 16(b)(4), Section E of this Court's  
3 May 5, 2008 Case Management and Pretrial Order ("May 5 Case Management Order"), and  
4 Civil Local Rule 7-11, Plaintiffs Oracle USA, Inc., Oracle International Corporation, and Oracle  
5 EMEA Ltd. ("Oracle" or "Plaintiffs") and Defendants SAP AG, SAP America, Inc., (together,  
6 "SAP") and TomorrowNow, Inc. (with SAP AG and SAP America, Inc., "Defendants," and  
7 together with Oracle, the "Parties") jointly ask the Court to amend the case management  
8 schedule through a modification of the Court's May 5, 2008 Case Management Order as set forth  
9 in the Parties' Stipulation to Modify May 5, 2008 Case Management Order, filed concurrently  
10 with this Motion.

11 **II. RELEVANT BACKGROUND**

12 The Court entered the May 5 Case Management Order after conferring with the  
13 Parties as to their then-current discovery and schedule needs.

14 The Parties' positions regarding the discovery needs in this case have changed  
15 since May 2008, as described more fully below. Although the Parties still have a number of  
16 ongoing disputes regarding the scope of discovery and claims in this case, they agree that an  
17 extension of both the case schedule and the discovery limits is appropriate and that the Parties  
18 may have the opportunity to file an additional round of summary judgment motions.

19 *New and expanded claims:* Oracle contends that Defendants' post-litigation  
20 activity and support of Oracle's Siebel-branded software greatly expand the relevant data that  
21 Oracle believes it needs to prove its claims, and support the addition of certain new claims.  
22 Although Defendants dispute Oracle's claims regarding Defendants' post-litigation activity and  
23 Siebel, the Parties agree that any claims and related discovery relating to the post-litigation  
24 activity and Siebel should be included in this case such that the Parties can resolve all disputes  
25 between them without the need for subsequent litigation.

26 *Background re request for time to analyze data and engage in additional limited*  
27 *discovery re all claims:* In July 2008, Magistrate Judge Laporte instructed the Parties to work  
28

1 together in good faith to try to reach an agreement on an extrapolation methodology and/or a  
2 stipulation as to how TomorrowNow provided support to its customers, including its methods,  
3 practices, and volume of software fixes. Since then, the Parties have met and conferred  
4 extensively (in some instances with their experts) on one extrapolation proposal and two versions  
5 of a stipulation drafted by Oracle. The Parties have also continuously consulted with Judge  
6 Laporte regarding the progress of their negotiations and the various obstacles to reaching an  
7 agreement. So far, the Parties have been unable to agree on an extrapolation methodology or the  
8 form or substance of any stipulation.

9 Judge Laporte has noted both that the Court cannot force a party to stipulate and  
10 that the Parties' difficulty in agreeing on an extrapolation methodology or reaching a stipulation  
11 could possibly support a request to extend the current discovery schedule. Judge Laporte has  
12 also noted that partial summary judgment motion practice may assist the Parties in trying to  
13 reach an agreement on an extrapolation methodology and/or a stipulation as to how  
14 TomorrowNow provided support to its customers.

15 Without such an agreement, Oracle believes it must: (a) take significant additional  
16 discovery to prove up its claims, including depositions of the many TomorrowNow personnel  
17 involved in the creation of thousands of software fixes; and (b) have its experts analyze a larger  
18 portion of the approximately 11.4 terabytes of native electronic data (over 17 million files),  
19 Defendants' production of which concluded in February 2009. Oracle's analysis would include  
20 file compares and forensic analysis on the data – line by line code comparisons – to determine  
21 which files are copies of, or modifications of, others, and how the files have been manipulated.  
22 Because it will take significant time to analyze this data and use it in support of its claims, Oracle  
23 and its experts believe they will ultimately have to sample the data and use statistical analysis on  
24 the sample, as suggested by Judge Laporte.

25 Defendants dispute Oracle's contentions regarding (a) what evidence is relevant  
26 to Oracle's claims, (b) the extent of discovery needed to prosecute and defend those claims, and  
27 (c) which measure of damages is appropriate for this case. Nonetheless, Defendants are willing  
28 to agree to a modest extension of the case deadlines and discovery limits in order to (a) fully

1 resolve Oracle's claims regardless of whether the Parties are ever able to agree on an  
2 extrapolation methodology or a stipulation, (b) allow time for additional motion practice in an  
3 effort to focus the claims and defenses in this case, and (c) provide the Parties' experts additional  
4 time for their analyses.

5 For purposes of the above analysis and also to support its damages theories (some  
6 of which Defendants dispute), Oracle requested copies of Defendants' software fixes and related  
7 data in August 2007. In April 2008, the Parties agreed to a "Data Warehouse" arrangement  
8 using a protocol that permits Oracle remote access review of the images of certain server  
9 partitions that house these materials so that Oracle can designate what it believes is relevant  
10 material that it wants copied and produced. Defendants then conduct a privilege review of what  
11 Oracle has designated for production.

12 Under the Data Warehouse agreement, Defendants originally made available  
13 images of the server partitions as they existed soon after this case was filed. Oracle had access to  
14 and began its review of these original materials under the Data Warehouse agreement in mid-  
15 July 2008 and completed its data selections from the original servers by mid-August 2008. To  
16 date, Oracle has reviewed and tagged for production millions of files from all 93 original server  
17 partitions made available by Defendants. Defendants then made their first production from the  
18 Data Warehouse on October 25, 2008 and by February 2009 had produced what they believe is a  
19 complete production of the Data Warehouse files originally requested by Oracle. Then, at  
20 Oracle's request, Defendants agreed in March 2009 to re-produce 12 server partitions with  
21 updated, post-lawsuit information. Oracle has not yet reviewed and Defendants have not yet  
22 produced the updated data on these 12 server partitions.

23 The Parties do not yet know the volume of the relevant post-lawsuit data on these  
24 12 server partitions. If the volume is similar to prior collections, then Oracle believes that  
25 several additional terabytes from those 12 server partitions will need to be reviewed and  
26 produced, in addition to potentially other servers that may contain relevant information.  
27 Defendants have not agreed at this time to re-produce any additional server partitions beyond the  
28 12 noted above. At this point, regardless of whether any additional server partitions beyond the

1 12 are re-produced, Oracle believes there is insufficient time under the current schedule for  
2 Oracle to review the massive amounts of updated Data Warehouse information and use its  
3 analysis of TomorrowNow's 2007 and 2008 fixes to inform fact and expert discovery or for  
4 Defendants' experts to respond to Oracle's experts' analysis.

5 Separate from the Data Warehouse materials, Defendants first produced a copy of  
6 TomorrowNow's SAS database, a large Lotus Notes database used to track and support  
7 TomorrowNow's customers, in the fall of 2007. The SAS database is a crucial tool and data  
8 source in understanding how TomorrowNow supported its customers. Oracle uses information  
9 from the SAS database extensively in depositions to explore the fix development and testing  
10 process. Defendants' first SAS production was related to TomorrowNow's service of customers  
11 running PeopleSoft and JD Edwards software. That first production was made from "snapshot  
12 copies" of the database taken soon after the original Complaint was filed.

13 On or about January 20, 2009 and at Oracle's request, Defendants produced the  
14 information from the SAS database relating to TomorrowNow's Siebel customers, including  
15 records through October 31, 2008, the date on which TomorrowNow wound down its operations.  
16 Defendants supplemented that production in the first week of March 2009.

17 Around February 13, 2009, Defendants produced updated SAS records for  
18 TomorrowNow's PeopleSoft and JD Edwards customers containing data through October 31,  
19 2008 and supplemented that production in the first week of March 2009.

20 Oracle and its experts need additional time to review and analyze these recently-  
21 produced updated SAS records, which include post-litigation materials through October 31,  
22 2008, and do not believe that they have time to make use of that data under the current case  
23 schedule.

### 24 **III. ARGUMENT**

25 The Court may modify a case management order "for good cause," such as when  
26 the Parties cannot reasonably meet the schedule despite their diligence. *See* Fed. R. Civ. Proc.  
27 16(b); *see also, e.g., Omoregie v. Boardwalk Auto Ctr., Inc.*, No. C07-3884, 2008 WL 4857942,  
28 at \*1 (N.D. Cal. November 10, 2008).

1 As set forth above, the Parties agree that, despite their diligence, their positions  
2 regarding the discovery needs in this case have changed since May 2008 and that an extension of  
3 the case schedule is needed and appropriate to further explore various issues. Because the  
4 Parties now agree that the post-litigation activity through October 31, 2008 – which Judge  
5 Laporte has noted is highly relevant – should be included in this case, they also agree that some  
6 additional deposition time is needed relative to the Parties’ claims and defenses for that time  
7 period. Further, regardless of whether they ultimately agree on an extrapolation methodology or  
8 stipulation regarding TomorrowNow’s software fixes, as described above, the Parties agree that  
9 certain additional depositions of TomorrowNow’s personnel should be allowed for several  
10 issues, including allowing Oracle to better understand the process by which TomorrowNow  
11 supported – and continued to support through October 31, 2008 – its PeopleSoft, JD Edwards,  
12 and Siebel customers, including SAP’s decisions relevant to TomorrowNow’s activities.  
13 Defendants believe an additional round of summary judgment motions will narrow the issues in  
14 the case. Oracle disagrees, but has agreed that the Parties may have the opportunity to file such  
15 motions. Accordingly, the Parties agree that there is good cause to: (a) increase the Parties’  
16 deposition hours allotment above the limits contained in the May 5 Case Management Order; (b)  
17 extend the time in which the Parties have to conduct those depositions; and (c) add an additional  
18 round of summary judgment motions.

#### 19 **IV. CONCLUSION**

20 For the foregoing reasons, the Parties respectfully request that the Court enter an  
21 order modifying the May 5 Case Management Order as set forth in the Parties’ Stipulation to  
22 Modify May 5, 2008 Case Management Order. Because the requested modifications are the  
23 result of substantial negotiation and compromise between the Parties, the Parties respectfully  
24 request that the Court either accept or reject the Parties’ requests in full. If the Court rejects the  
25 Parties’ motion in whole or in part, the Parties would then reserve their rights to file separate  
26 motions for relief, with a more detailed explanation of the bases for such requests than is  
27 provided here. A Proposed Revised Case Management Schedule is submitted with this Motion.  
28

1 DATED: May 12, 2009

2 BINGHAM McCUTCHEN LLP

3 By: \_\_\_\_\_ /s/

4 Geoffrey M. Howard  
5 Attorneys for Plaintiffs  
6 Oracle USA, Inc., Oracle International  
7 Corporation, and Oracle EMEA, Ltd.

8 In accordance with General Order No. 45, Rule X, the above signatory attests that  
9 concurrence in the filing of this document has been obtained from the signatory below.

10 DATED: May 12, 2009

11 JONES DAY

12 By: \_\_\_\_\_ /s/

13 Tharan Gregory Lanier  
14 Attorneys for Defendants  
15 SAP AG, SAP America, Inc.,  
16 and TomorrowNow, Inc.